

What precautions are needed at home?

Frequent hand washing before and after the care.

Keep wounds covered: Keep any wounds that you have clean and covered with a bandage until they are healed. Ask your caregiver how to keep your wound clean and covered.

Do not share items with others.

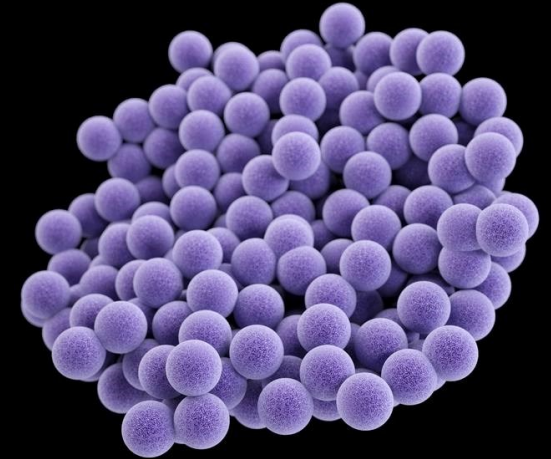
Clean surfaces well: ,such as tables, which are shared and touched often. Keep doorknobs, faucet handles, and furniture clean

Wear disposable gloves if you expect to come into contact with patient such as dressing from infected wounds. Wash your hands after removing and disposing of used gloves

Inform all your healthcare providers if you have been diagnosed with VRE so they may take the appropriate precautions when caring for you.

Therefore, washing your hands well and often is the best way to prevent the spread of VRE.

Vancomycin resistance enter cocci (VRE)



**Best regarded
Infection control Department**



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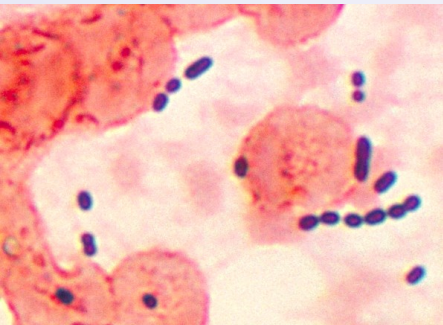
What is VRE?

Enterococci are bacteria that are part of the normal flora of human gastrointestinal and genital tracts and normally do not cause disease. Vancomycin is an antibiotic that is often used to treat infections caused by *enterococci*.

Who is at risk of VRE?

People who have been previously treated with the antibiotic vancomycin are at highest risk of Developing VRE

Long stay patient in hospital who are require de- vices such as urinary catheter or intravenous can- nula



Immune compromised patient such as post renal transplant, patients on chemotherapy these patient had risk for getting VRE.

How VRE spread?

Direct contact to the infected patient or using per- sonnel belongs or touching surfaces contaminated with VRE.

What will happen if I get VRE?

If you have VRE you will be given a private room or share a room with another patient with VRE. sign well place at the door it says contact isolation to prevent transmutation among other patient





What treatment will I need?

Your doctor will decide what treatment you require if you are found to have VRE. If you have an infection your doctor may advise antibiotic therapy.

What about Family/Visitors?

Your family and visitors should not assist other patients with their personal care as this may cause the germ to spread. They may be required to wear a long-sleeved gown and gloves while in your room.

Before leaving your room, visitors must remove the gloves and gown and dispose of them in the garbage container and the linen hamper located in your room. Then they must **clean their hands**

CONTACT PRECAUTION	
	1. PLACE PATIENT IN A SINGLE ROOM WITH DOOR CLOSE ALL THE TIME. ١ - ضع المريض في غرفة خاصة مع إبقاء الباب مغلق.
	2. WASH HANDS BEFORE & AFTER ENTERING THE ROOM. ٢ - غسل اليدين قبل وبعد الدخول إلى المريض.
	3. WEAR A GLOVE EACH TIME ENTERS THE ROOM. ٣ - لبس القفازات الواقيّة عند الدخول إلى المريض.
	4. WEAR GOWN/GLOVES IF HANDLING CONTAMINATED OBJECT WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUID. ٤ - لبس الرداء الواقي في حالة حمل المواد الملوثة بدم / سوائل الجسم.

Diseases Requiring Contact Precaution:
Clostridiaceae infections, Clostridium with toxin-producing bacteria, Infectious skin infection (scabies, cellulitis)

